

What difference does the resurrection make for Christians?	Religious Education	Years 5 & 6, Term 4	Year B
Key vocabulary: crucifixion, resurrection, sacrifice, sin, salvation			
Knowledge and skills: The New Testament teaches that Jesus died to save humankind. (C1) Some Christians are prepared to die for what they believe. (C6) Some Christians believe in life after death. (C12) Christians believe that the resurrection shows that Jesus is divine. (C13) Christians believe the Holy Spirit is a gift showing Jesus is alive. (C14) Pentecost is a celebration of the coming of the Holy Spirit. (C15) Christians believe that belief in Jesus can transform the lives of people. (C17) Christians believe that the good news of Jesus should be shared. (C18) <i>The Gospels of Luke and John describe the Resurrection and witness accounts</i> <i>Jesus promises resurrection to new life in heaven.</i>	Revise events recorded: the stations of the cross. Link to sacrifice and salvation and The Trinity. Examine the evidence from witness statements that Jesus came back to life. Discuss what happened on the road to Emmaus and write an account from the point of view of one of the travellers. Sort aspects of funerals into celebration or time of sadness. Learn about Desmond Tutu and how he was not scared by death threats because of his belief in life after death. Draw a picture of heaven and choose a quote to go with it. Debate whether people should live forever, making sure that Humanist views are included. Listen to the Queen song: ‘Who wants to live forever?’ Watch start of Up! Ellie left a legacy. What would you like your legacy to be? Look at Epitaphs resource sheet, then create your own and design your funeral. Do a one minute presentation on ‘believing in life after death is a benefit to individuals and to society.’		
Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural Education, and Promotion of British Values: Spiritual: Be reflective on the ideas of life after death and what that might mean. Social: Cultural: legacy, memorials, funerals. British Values: Democracy – how are decisions made and rule of Law - death penalty (Pontius Pilate). Equalities: Religious tolerance.			